



COMPILED DATA

Levelled.....1964
Boundaries.....Mar 1974

(b) Aug 1973

ABBREVIATIONS

B.H. Beer House	L.C. Level Crossing	P.T.P. Police Telephone Pillar
B.M. Bench Mark	L.G. Level Gauge	R.H. Road House
B.S. Boundary Stone	L.H. Lighthouse	R.P. Revision Point
C. Crane	L.T.W. Lighting Tower	S. Stone
Ch. Chimney	M. Mile	S.B. Signal Box
Ch. Club House	M.H.W. Mean High Water	S.Br. Signal Bridge
Cn. Capstan	M.H.W.S. Mean High Water Springs	S.D. Signal Light
D.F. Drinking Fountain	M.L.W. Mean Low Water	S.L. Signal Light
Dk. Dock	M.L.W.S. Mean Low Water Springs	S.P. Signal Post
E.P. Electricity Pillar or Pole	M.P. Mile or Mooring Post	Spr. Spring
E.T.L. Electricity Transmission Line	M.S. Mile Stone	S.Sta. Signal Station
F.A. Fire Alarm	N.T. National Trust	T.C.B. Telephone Call Box
F.A.P. Fire Alarm Pillar	N.T.L. Normal Tidal Limit	T.C.P. Telephone Call Post
F.B. Filler Bed or Foot Bridge	N.T.S. National Trust for Scotland	T. Tank or Truck
F.B.M. Fundamental Bench Mark	P. Pillar, Pole or Post	T. Trough
F.S. Flagstaff	P.P. Public Path	Tr. Travelling Station
F.St. Fire Station	P.P. Public Path	W. Wall
G.P. Guide Post	P.C. Public Convenience	W.B. Weighbridge
G.V.C. Gas Valve Compound	P.C.B. Public Call Box	W.P. Wind Pump
H. Hydrant or Hydraulic	P.H. Public House	Wk. Works
Ha. Hectares	P.O. Post Office	W.P. Water Point
L.B. Letter Box	Pp. Pump	W.T. Water Tap

SYMBOLS

Non-coniferous trees	Slopes	Site of antiquity
Coniferous trees	Cliff	Culvert
Surveyed trees	Cave entrance	Direction of water flow
Orchard trees	Rock	Electricity pylon
Coppice, osier	Boulders	Electricity Transmission Line
Scrub	Sloping masonry	Triangulation station
Bracken	Roofed building	Traverse station (permanent)
Heath	Glasshouse	Bench mark
Rough grassland	Archway	Surface level
Marsh, saltings	Change of boundary marking	Revision point
Reeds	see AREAS notes	Revision point & bench mark coincident

VEGETATION CLASSIFICATION Where space permits, tree and scrub symbols in woods are shown in groups of four, three, two or singly to indicate close, medium, open or scattered density of trees or scrub.

BOUNDARIES

Geographical County	County Council	County of the City
Admin County	County Borough	Borough
London Borough	County District	City
County District	Civil Parish	Rural Borough
Civil Parish	Borough Council & Ward	Co. Const. Bdy
Rural Borough	Co. Const. Bdy	Co. Const. Bdy
Partly Constituency & Ward		

Where the boundary of an Admin Co., County Borough or Co. of City is coincident with that of a geographical county, the symbol for the latter is shown. County town boundary is usually coincident with civil parish boundary and the symbols for both are shown, e.g. but where any other boundary coincides with that of a civil parish the symbol for the latter only is shown, e.g. Borough Council & Ward Bdy Co. Const. Bdy

BOUNDARY MERGINGS

B.B. Base of Bank	C.R. Centre of Road, etc.	F.F. Face of Fence	T.B. Top of Bank
C.B. Centre of Stream, etc.	C.S. Centre of Stream, etc.	F.W. Face of Wall	T.H. Track of Hedge
C.C.S. Centre of Covered Stream	Def. Defiled	R.H. Root of Hedge	T.S. Track of Stream
E.K. Edge of Kerb	S.R. Side of River, etc.	Und. Undefined	

Imperial equivalents for metric boundary mergings
0.91m = 3ft 1.22m = 4ft

PLAN TF 4029-4129

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AREAS

Area measurement is to plan edge only. The number and area, in hectares (ha) and acres, is shown within each parcel of land.

EXAMPLE: 4267 parcel number
4.47 area in hectares
10.89 area in acres

When identifying a parcel it is important to specify the number of the plan on which it falls. Enclosures or features joined for measurement of area 058
Limit of area within which individual parcels are not shown 058
To convert hectares to acres multiply by 2.471 05
To convert acres to hectares multiply by 0.404 69

NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE

The grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 100 metre intervals. To give a unique reference defining the position of a point to within 10 metres proceed as follows—

EXAMPLE from sheet TQ 0529

1. Take the two letters preceding the sheet number—TQ 058

2. Take the west edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figure opposite the line on the north or south margin—058
Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (distance a) 8
The resulting four figure number is the Easting—0588

3. Take the south edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figure opposite the line on the east or west margin—291
Estimate tens of metres from the grid line to the point (distance b) 1
The resulting four figure number is the Northing—05881
The full ten-figure reference is given by writing first the letters, followed by the Easting and then by the Northing—TQ 058816
For further information see 'An Introduction to the Projection for Ordnance Survey Maps and the National Reference System.'

One grid square on this plan represents one hectare.

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