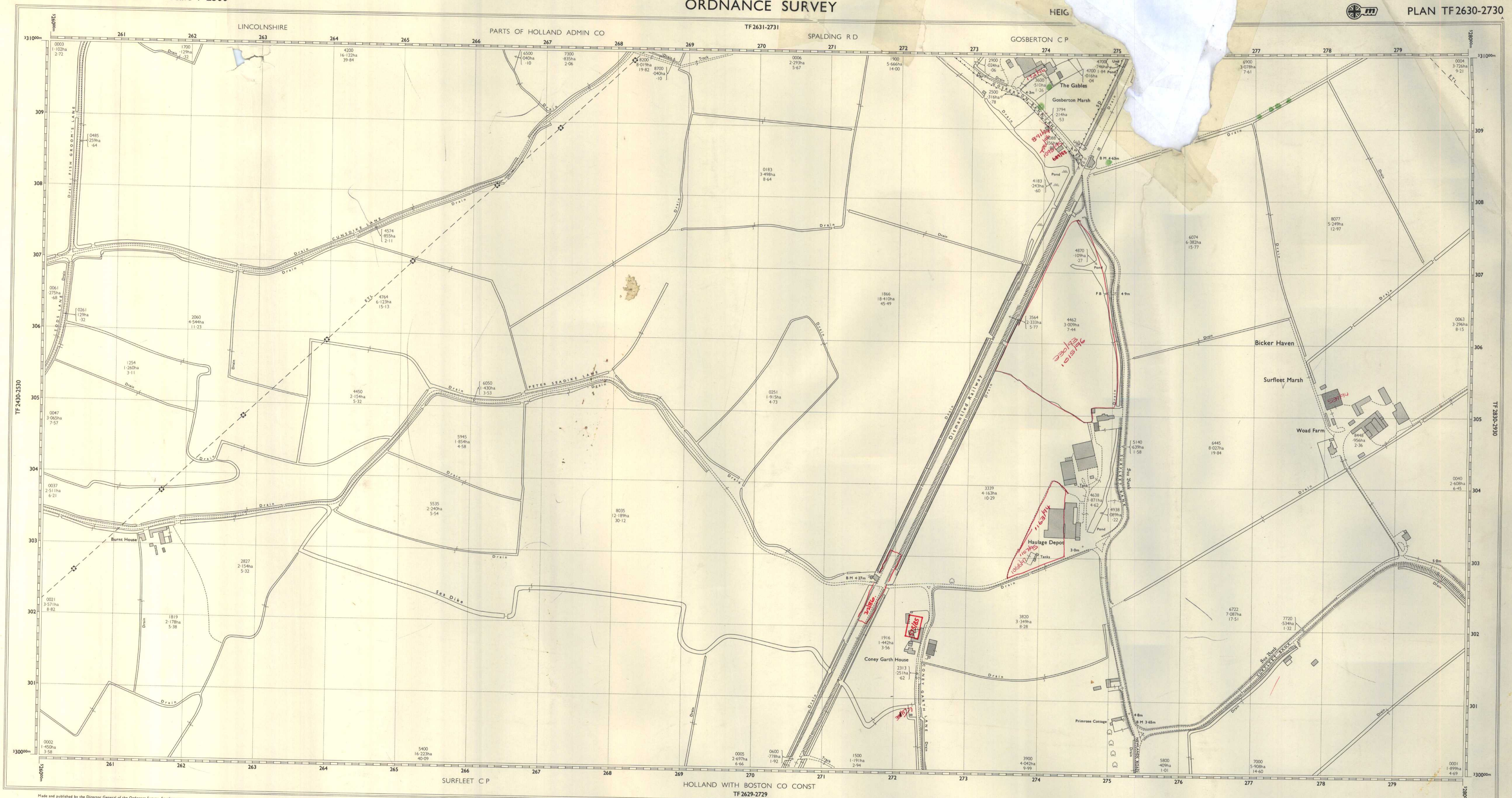




COMPILED DATA

Levelled: 1965
Boundaries: Jan 1973

(h) Sep 1972

ABBREVIATIONS

B.H. Bear House	L.B.S. Lifeboat Station	P.T.P. Police Telephone Pillar
B.P. Boundary Post	L.C. Level Crossing	R.H. Road House
B.S. Boundary Stone	L.G. Level Gauge	R.P. Revision Point
C. Church	L.T. Light	S.B. Signal Box
Ch. Chimney	M. Mill	S.D. Signal Bridge
C.H. Chapel	M.H.W. Mean High Water	S.L. Signal Light
D.F. Drinking Fountain	M.L.W. Mean Low Water	S.P. Signal Post
D.L. Dock	M.P. Mile or Measuring Post	S.S. Signal Station
E.P. Electricity Pole or Pole	M.P.U. Mail Pickup	T.C.B. Telephone Call Box
F.A. Fire Alarm	N.T. National Trust	T.C.P. Telephone Call Post
F.B. Filter Bed or Foot Bridge	N.T.L. National Trust for Scotland	T.L. Tank or Track
F.B.M. Fundamental Bench Mark	P.C. Public Convenience	T.P. Trough
F.S. Flagstaff	P.C.B. Police Call Box	T.S. Trench
G.P. Guide Post	P.H. Public House	U. Underside
G.V.C. Gas Valve Compound	P.O. Post Office	W. Wall
H. Hydrant or Hydraulic	P.P. Pump	W.B. Weighbridge
LB. Letter Box		W.P. Wind Pump
		W.P. Water Pump
		W.T. Water Tap

SYMBOLS

Non-coniferous trees	Slopes	Site of antiquity
Coniferous trees	Cliff	Culvert
Orchard trees	Cave entrance	Direction of water flow
Coppice, alder	Rock	Electricity pylon
Scrub	Boulders	Electricity Transmission Line
Bracken	Sloping masonry	Tramway
Heath	Roofed building	Traverse station (permanent)
Rough grassland	Glasshouse	Bench mark
Reeds	Archway	Surface level
	Change of boundary marking	Revision point
	see AREAS notes	Revision point and bench mark coincident

VEGETATION CLASSIFICATION Where space permits, tree and scrub symbols in woods are shown in groups of four, three, two or singly to indicate close, medium, open or scattered density of trees or scrub.

BOUNDARIES

England & Wales

Geographical County

Admin County

County Borough

London Borough

County Districts

Civil Parish

Rural Borough

Partly Constituency & Ward

Where the boundary of an Admin Co., County Borough or Civ. of City is coincident with that of a geographical county, the symbol for the latter is shown. County type boundary is usually coincident with civil parish boundary and the symbols for both are shown, e.g. but where any other boundary coincides with that of a civil parish the symbol for the latter only is shown, e.g.

Boundary markings

B.B. Base of Bank

C.B. Centre of Bank

C.C.S. Centre of Covered Stream

C.D. Centre of Drain, etc.

C.R. Centre of Road, etc.

C.S. Centre of Stream, etc.

D.F. Face of Wall

D.H. Foot of Hedge

E.K. Edge of Kerb

F.F. Face of Fence

F.W. Face of Wall

R.H. Root of Hedge

S.R. Side of River, etc.

T.B. Top of Bank

T.H. Track of Hedge

T.S. Track of Stream

Und. Undefined

Imperial equivalents for metric boundary markings

0.91m = 3ft

1.22m = 4ft

AREAS

Area measurement is to plan edge only. The number and area, in hectares (ha) and acres, is shown within each parcel of land.

EXAMPLE: 4267 1-807ha area in acres 4-47

When identifying a parcel it is important to specify the number of the plan on which it falls. Limit of area within which individual parcels are shown. To convert hectares to acres multiply by 2.4745. To convert acres to hectares multiply by 0.40469.

NATIONAL GRID REFERENCE

The grid lines form part of the National Grid and are at 100 metre intervals defining the position of a point to within 10 metres proceed as follows:

1. Take the two letters preceding the sheet number.

2. Take the west edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figures opposite this line on the north or south margin. The resulting four figure number is the Northing.

3. Take the south edge of the grid square in which the point lies and read the figures opposite this line on the east or west margin. The resulting four figure number is the Easting.

4. The full ten metre reference is given by writing first the letter followed by the Easting and then by the Northing.

For further information see 'An Introduction to the Projection' National Reference System.

